

# State of Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction

Elizabeth Burmaster, State Superintendent

### \*\*\*\*NEWS RELEASE\*\*\*\*

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## Wisconsin overall scores exceed national averages on NAEP mathematics and reading tests

MADISON—In the 2007 National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), Wisconsin's overall scale scores exceeded national averages on mathematics and reading tests. State students posted overall increases in mathematics and fourth-grade reading.

"This year's NAEP assessment shows overall gains in mathematics and fourth-grade reading. The NAEP assessments provide a snap shot of student achievement with 5 percent of fourth-graders and 4 percent of eighth-graders tested,"

said State Superintendent Elizabeth
Burmaster. "While our overall results
exceed national averages, our bottom
line must be to raise the level of
achievement for all Wisconsin students
while closing the achievement gap."

The Wisconsin fourth-grade mathematics scale score was 244, up

### **National Assessment of Educational Progress**

Overview Public Schools	Grade 4				
	State		Nation		
	2005	2007	2005	2007	
Mathematics	241	244	237	239	
Reading	221	223	217	220	
	Grade 8				
	St	ate	Nation		
	2005	2007	2005	2007	
Mathematics	285	286	278	280	
Reading	266	264	260	261	

three points from 2005. Nationally, fourth-graders scored 239, up two points from the last assessment. At eighth grade, Wisconsin students scored 286 on the NAEP mathematics test, up one point from 2005 and six points higher than the national average (280).

On the NAEP reading test, Wisconsin fourth-graders had an average scale score of 223, up two points from 2005. Nationally, fourth-graders had an average scale score of 220. The average eighth grade reading scale score for Wisconsin was 264, a two-point drop from 2005 and three points ahead of the national average scale score (261).

(more)

Wisconsin students eligible for free or reduced-price school meals averaged about 25 scale score points lower than students who are not economically disadvantaged, an achievement gap that is similar to the nation. By racial/ethnic group, achievement gaps for Wisconsin also are apparent.

"Wisconsin continues to see significant increases in poverty rates, including child poverty, which negatively impacts students' lives and learning," Burmaster said. "On a statewide basis, 32 percent of our students are eligible for free or reduced-price meals. The growth of poverty is occurring in schools across our state from Bayfield, at 69 percent, to Beloit, at 71 percent, and in our largest city, Milwaukee, at more than 79 percent.

"We must continue efforts to provide the very best education for children, especially those in our highest needs schools. That includes support for established programs such as 4-year-old kindergarten and class-size reduction through the Student Achievement Guarantee in Education and the Preschool to Grade 5 programs. We also are pursuing initiatives around adolescent literacy and reviewing our English language arts and mathematics standards to ensure the rigor and relevance needed to prepare our students for today's and tomorrow's world. I encourage the governor and the Legislature to support these programs and find a way to provide grants that put our very best teachers into our highest poverty schools as I proposed in my education budget," Burmaster added.

On the mathematics assessment, 3,231 Wisconsin fourth-graders out of 59,350 students took the test. At eighth grade, 2,564 students out of 65,582 took the mathematics assessment. In reading, 3,164 fourth-graders and 2,670 eighth-graders were tested. Because of the breadth of the content covered in the NAEP mathematics assessment, each participating student took just a portion of the test, consisting of two 25-minute sections. Testing time was divided evenly between multiple-choice and open-ended questions. The reading assessment consisted of two 25-minute sections or one 50-minute section, with students taking just a portion of the assessment. Each section contained reading passages that are typically available to students and both multiple-choice and open-ended questions. The NAEP mathematics and reading assessments were administered between January and March.

### 2007 National Assessment of Educational Progress

### Public School Scale Scores

	Mathematics					
	Gra	de 4	Grade 8			
	State	Nation	State	Nation		
Overall	244	239	286	280		
African-American	212	222	247	259		
American Indian		229		265		
Asian	245	254	290	296		
Hispanic	229	227	268	264		
White	250	248	292	290		
Disadvantaged	228	227	266	265		
Not Disadvantaged	252	249	293	291		
	Reading					
	Gra	de 4	Grade 8			
	State	Nation	State	Nation		
Overall	State 223	Nation 220	State 264	Nation 261		
Overall African-American						
	223	220	264	261		
African-American	223	220 203	264	261 244		
African-American American Indian	223 191 	220 203 206	264 231 	261 244 248		
African-American American Indian Asian	223 191  222	220 203 206 231	264 231  264	261 244 248 269		
African-American American Indian Asian Hispanic	223 191  222 208	220 203 206 231 204	264 231  264 247	261 244 248 269 246		

<sup>--</sup> Sample size insufficient to permit a reliable estimate.

	Mathematics				
	Grade 4		Grade 8		
	State	Nation	State	Nation	
Students with Disabilities	223	220	249	246	
Nondisabled	247	241	290	284	
English-Language Learners	227	217	260	245	
Non-ELL	245	242	287	282	
	Reading				
		Rea	ding		
	Gra	Rea		de 8	
	Gra State			de 8 Nation	
Students with Disabilities		de 4	Gra		
Students with Disabilities Nondisabled	State	de 4 Nation	Gra State	Nation	
	State 191	de 4 Nation 190	Gra State 221	Nation 226	